

平成 28 年 10 月 大妻女子大模試

英 語

注 意 事 項

1. 解答開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
2. 試験時間は 60 分です。
3. 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明および汚れ等に気付いた場合は、手を挙げて申し出てください。
4. 解答はすべて解答用紙に記入してください。
5. 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

I 次の英文を読み、それに続く設問に答えよ。

What do you usually have for breakfast, rice or bread?

An online survey found that less than half the respondents usually have rice. In recent years Japanese food has experienced a boom overseas, but Japanese people themselves are getting off of their traditional diet.

In 2013, traditional Japanese cuisine (Washoku) was added to UNESCO's Intangible Cultural Heritage list. Washoku is expected to (1)enhance its global recognition, attract more foreign tourists and boost exports of the country's agricultural products.

Washoku is characterized by respect for nature, uniting family and region, and wish for health and longevity. The healthy image of Washoku has contributed (2) its popularity in foreign countries. According to the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF)注1, the number of Japanese restaurants located overseas has drastically increased by about 60% from an estimated 55,000 in 2013 to 89,000 by July 2015. However, in some of these restaurants, chefs without (3)appropriate knowledge and skills engage (4) preparing meals. MAFF has worked out (5)the Guidelines for Certification of Cooking Skills for Japanese Cuisine in Foreign Countries, the purpose of which is to help chefs develop their skill and promote the appeal of Washoku.

Contrary to the increased attention to Washoku, Japan now faces a food self-sufficiency rate 注2 of as low as 40 percent and the spread of Western eating habits has greatly changed the daily diet of most Japanese. The consumption of rice, which has a high self-sufficiency rate, has been steadily decreasing, while (6)that of meat, dairy products and processed foods has been rising for decades. The daily diet of most Japanese in the 1960s included rice, fish and vegetables. In those days, the overall food self-sufficiency rate was over 70 percent.

Now people enjoy a rich and varied diet. Washoku is no longer a routine meal for most of us. But the diversified and westernized diet has caused a lot of health problems such as obesity 注3 and chronic diseases. Isn't it a great irony that the world (7)applauds Washoku for being healthy when Japanese people themselves are eating less and less their traditional food? It is time we thought really hard to promote it for us rather than for the rest of the world.

注1 Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries 農林水産省

2 food self-sufficiency rate 食料自給率

3 obesity 肥満

問1 本文中の下線部(1)の意味として最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア improve

イ impoverish

ウ deserve

エ preserve

問2 本文中の空所(2)に入れるのに最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア for

イ in

ウ to

エ with

問3 本文中の下線部(3)の意味として最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

- ア suitable
- イ sustainable
- ウ apparent
- エ convenient

問4 本文中の空所(4)に入れるのに最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

- ア for
- イ in
- ウ to
- エ with

問5 本文中の下線部(5)について最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

- ア 和食レストランを海外に広めることを目的としている。
- イ 和食が健康に良いことをアピールする役割を担っている。
- ウ 修了生は日本政府から正式に調理師免許をもらえる。
- エ 和食の調理技術の向上及び魅力を広める目的がある。

問6 本文中の下線部(6)が指すものとして最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

- ア diet
- イ self-sufficiency rate
- ウ consumption
- エ eating habit

問7 本文中の下線部(7)の意味として最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア boasts of

イ praises

ウ despises

エ satisfies

問8 本文の内容に合致するものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア 日本の食料自給率はこの40年間ずっと低いままだった。

イ 海外の和食レストランの調理技術はかなり高水準である。

ウ 日本人自身は和食離れといってよい状況である。

エ 和食は見た目の美しさで人気を博している。

II 次の英文を読み、それに続く設問に答えよ。

Mother Teresa, who devoted her life (1) the poor in India, was declared a saint by Pope Francis before huge crowds of pilgrims in Vatican last month. The newest saint was awarded Nobel Peace Prize for her lifetime dedication in 1979. She died in 1997 and this canonization 注1 seems exceptionally speedy since the declaration of someone as a saint usually takes decades and even centuries.

Mother Teresa was born Agnès Gonxha Bojaxhiu 注2 on August 26, 1910, in the city of Skopje, now in the Republic of Macedonia. She had an older sister and an older brother. Her father Nikola was a successful merchant and traveled around Europe, (2) gifts to his children and telling stories about his travels. (3)Her mother Drana was deeply religious and spent her days looking (4) children and doing household chores. Her family was Roman Catholic, a minority religion in Skopje, where most people were Muslim 注3 or Orthodox Christian 注4. Drana was pious and generous, often giving money to needy strangers and even inviting them for meals. If someone was sick, she brought them food and medicine. Agnes often went with her mother on these visits. You can readily imagine how greatly her mother impressed Agnes in treating others. During her happy childhood, Agnes kept in her heart that charitable acts were a moral duty.

Agnes left home at 18 to (5)pursue a religious life without worldly possessions. She chose a life to live among the poorest of the poor. She founded orphanages 注5 and shelters in India and later, around the globe. By the time she died, thousands of followers had been working with her for needy people. Mother Teresa got the (6)credit of dedication to helping people and traveled around the world to meet with world leaders to ask for support.

Like other great figures, Mother Teresa never escaped criticism. However, her plain but noble figure, often in a white-and-blue sari and sandals, became familiar around the world. (7)She still makes us think of the meaning of treating people with dignity and consideration.

注1 canonization 列聖化（聖人と宣言すること）

2 Agnes Gonxha Bojaxhiu アグネス・ゴンジャ・ボヤジュ（マザーテレサの本名）

3 Muslims イスラム教徒

4 Orthodox Christian キリスト教正教徒

5 orphanages 孤児院

問1 本文中の空所(1)に入れるのに最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア to help

イ to helping

ウ helping

エ helped

問2 本文中の空所(2)に入れるのに最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア brought

イ bringing

ウ took

エ gave

問3 本文中の下線部(3)の人物について合致しないものはどれか。ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア She was an alert businessperson.

イ She was a devotee of Roman Catholic.

ウ She showed by her example the meaning of charitable work.

エ She was benevolent to people in need.

問4 本文中の空所(4)に入れるのに最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア for

イ into

ウ after

エ at

問5 本文中の下線部(5)の意味として最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア seek out

イ watch out

ウ find out

エ give out

問6 本文中の下線部(6)の意味として最も適切なものを、ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

ア 名声

イ 信用

ウ 単位

エ 控除

問7 本文中の下線部(7)はどのような意味か。最も適切なものをア～エの中から1つ選びなさい。

- ア それでも彼女は尊厳と思いやりを持って人に接することの意味を私たちに考えさせる。
- イ 彼女は今でも人びとを治療することの意味を私たちに考えさせ、威厳と思いやりを示してくれる。
- ウ 彼女がなおも私たちに考えさせることは、威厳があり思いやりのある人びとへの接し方である。
- エ 人びとに威厳を持って接し思いやりを示すことは、非常に意味のあることだと彼女はなおも考えている。

問8 本文の内容に合致するものはどれか。ア～エより1つ選びなさい。

- ア Mother Teresa was declared a saint just after her death.
- イ Mother Teresa was free from any criticism.
- ウ Drana had a great influence on her daughter in charitable activities.
- エ Mother Teresa chose a life full of possessions.

Ⅲ 次の対話文を読んで以下の設問に答えなさい。

Mika telephones the Natural History Museum

Clerk : Hello. Can I help you?

Mika : Is this the Natural History Museum?

Clerk : Yes, we are.

Mika : Could you tell me when you are open?

Clerk : Yes, we are open 9:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily.

Mika : And where is the museum exactly?

Clerk : 900 Exposition Boulevard.

Mika : How much does it cost to get in?

Clerk : The admission fee is 12 dollars for adults and 5 dollars for children under 12.

Mika : I'm now at Figueroa. What bus can I take to get there?

Clerk : Well, there are a few. You take the number 81 or 102. Both stop at Exposition.

Mika : Thank you very much.

問1 According to the dialogue above, which is NOT TRUE?

- ア Mika is uncertain about the location of the museum.
- イ The museum is closed before 9:30 a.m.
- ウ There are a couple of bus services going to the museum.
- エ The museum offers a flat-fee rate regardless of age.

問2 Mika is 18. And she is going to the museum with her mother and younger brother Ken aged 10. What admission fee she must pay?

- ア 17 dollars
- イ 24 dollars
- ウ 29 dollars
- エ 36 dollars

IV (1)～(5)のそれぞれについて、文法的に誤っているものを、ア～ウより1つ選びなさい。

- (1) ア I have a lot of homework to do today.
 イ Scientific research is based on evidence.
 ウ The Internet has made it easier to gather a lot of informations.
- (2) ア This medicine will help ease your stomachache.
 イ Let me know the change of address as soon as possible.
 ウ I got my elder brother correct my English composition.
- (3) ア If I were placed in your position, I would study abroad after graduation.
 イ Without your personal assistance, I could not finish my assignment.
 ウ I wish Japanese will be the common language in the world.
- (4) ア It took us five hours to reach our destination.
 イ We were surprised that the actress married with a man half her age.
 ウ It is necessary to approach the problem from a new direction.
- (5) ア If it rains tomorrow, the athletic meeting will be postponed.
 イ It has been raining on and off since last night.
 ウ It will not be long before the new product will come out.

V (1)~(5)のそれぞれについて、空所に入れるのに最も適切な語(句)を、
ア~エより一つ選びなさい。

(1) We can't easily get () of bad habits.

ア hang イ lot ウ off エ rid

(2) We took it for granted () the president would decide to take over
the business.

ア if イ that ウ when エ whether

(3) Before leaving the room, please don't forget () off the lights.

ア to turn イ to turning ウ turning エ turn

(4) She suggested that we () the bill.

ア must split イ might slit
ウ should split エ would split

(5) We have two daughters. One is a teacher and () is a dentist.

ア another イ two ウ the others エ the other